

B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2019**Sixth Semester****Core Course—EQUILIBRIUM AND KINETICS**

[Common for B.Sc. Chemistry Model I, Model II B.Sc. Petrochemicals B.Sc. Chemistry Environment and Water Management]

(2013 Admission onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Part A

*Answer all the eight questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Give one example for a path function.
2. Give the mathematical statement of first law of thermodynamics.
3. How is Gibbs energy of a system related to its entropy at TK ?
4. How is standard free energy change related to equilibrium constant ?
5. What is meant by metastable equilibrium ?
6. What is meant by efflorescence ?
7. Define threshold energy of a reaction.
8. What is meant by catalytic Poison ?

(8 × 1 = 8)

Part B

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

9. Define isobaric process and isochoric process.
10. What happens to the internal energy of a system if : (a) Work is done on the system ; and (b) Work is done by the system.
11. How does the entropy of a gaseous substance change with : (a) Increase in temperature ; and (b) Decrease of pressure.
12. State the zeroth and third law of thermodynamics.
13. Is it possible that one-component system may have more than one triple point ? Illustrate with a suitable example.
14. Explain the term eutectic point.

Turn over

15. Hydrolysis of methylacetate in acid median is a first order reaction bat is alkaline medium, it is a second order reaction. Why ?
16. The rate constant of a first order disintegration of a substance is $0.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$. Calculate the time required for 10 g of the substance to disintegrate to 5 g.
17. What is autocatalysis ? Give one example.
18. Calculate Δs , if one mole of an ideal gas (monoatomic) is heated from 27°C to 227°C at constant pressure.

(6 × 2 = 12)

Part C

*Answer any four questions.
Each question carries 4 marks.*

19. Why is it that only non-ideal gases can be liquified using Joule-Thomsons expansion ? Explain it ? Define Joule-Thomson co-efficient.
20. Discuss the phase diagram of sulphur system.
21. What is residual entropy ? Explain the physical significance of the term entropy.
22. Write down the integrated form of Gibb's-Helmholtz equation and explain the term. What is the significance of Gibbs energy.
23. What is meant by chemical potential ? Explain how chemical potential vary with temperature and pressure.
24. Explain the influence of temperature on reaction rate on the basis of collision theory.

(4 × 4 = 16)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 12 marks.*

25. Draw and discuss the phase diagram for ferric chloride-water system. What changes are observed if a solution of ferric chloride is subjected to isothermal evaporation at 50°C .
26. Explain Lindemann theory of unimolecular reaction.
27. Define Clasius-Clapeyron equation.
28. (a) State Carnot's theorem.
(b) Derive the expression for the efficiency of C and cycle.

(2 × 12 = 24)