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M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, JUNE 2015

Fourth Semester

Faculty of Science

Branch I (A)—Mathematics

MT 04 E01-ANALYTIC NUMBER THEORY

(2012 Admission onwards)

[Regular/Supplementary]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weight: 30

Part A

Answer any five questions. Each question has weight 1.

- 1. Prove that d(n) is odd if and only if n is a square.
- 2. Prove that every number of the form $2^{a-1}(2^a-1)$ is perfect if 2^a-1 is prime.
- 3. What are the possible values of $\{x\}$ and $\{-x\}$ where $\{x\} = x [x]$ is the fractional part of x.
- 4. Prove that for every n > 1 there exist n consecutive composite numbers.
- 5. Prove or disprove: Every prime p75 can be expressed in the form 30 m + n where $m \ge 0$ and $n \in \{1, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29\}$.
- 6. Find all x which simultaneously satisfy the system of congruences. $x \equiv 1 \pmod{3}, x \equiv 2 \mod 4, x \equiv 3 \mod 5.$
- 7. Let a, b, x_0 be positive integers. Define $x_n = ax_{n-1} + b$ for n = 1, 2, ... Prove that not all of x_n can be prime.
- 8. Obtain the recurrence formula:

$$np(n) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \sigma(k) p(n-k).$$

 $(5\times 1=5)$

Part B

Answer any five questions. Each question has weight 2.

- 9. Obtain the product form of the Mö bius inversion formula.
- 10. If f is multiplicative, prove that:

$$f^{-1}(p^2) = f(p^2) - f(p^2)$$
 for every prime p.

- 11. Find the density of the set of lattice points visible from the origin.
- 12. State and prove the theorem connecting the prime number theorem and the n^{th} prime.
- 13. Find all positive integers n for which $n^{13} \equiv n \pmod{1365}$.
- 14. If p is an odd prime, let q = (p-1)/2. Prove that $(q!)^2 + (-1)^q = 0 \mod p$.
- 15. State and prove Wilson's theorem.
- 16. Prove that 2 is a primitive root mod p if p is a prime of the form 4q + 1 where q is an odd prime.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

Part C

Answer any three questions. Each question has weight 5.

- 17. (a) Define Möbius function and Euler totient function. Find the relation between them.
 - (b) Differentiate between multiplicative function and completely multiplication function with examples.
- 18. (a) State and prove Euler's summation formula.
 - (b) Obtain Möbius inversion formula.
- 19. State two equivalent forms of prime number theorem and prove.
- 20. (a) Show that congruence is an equivalence relation.
 - (b) State and prove Chinese remainder theorem.
- 21. (a) Establish the cancellation law on congruences.
 - (b) State and prove Little Fermat Theorem.
- 22. Establish Euler's pentagonal number theorem.

 $(3\times 5=15)$