F	5	6	2	9
The second second		200	district	-

Reg.	No
Nam	e

M.Com. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2016

First Semester

Faculty of Commerce

FMO 1C 03 - FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES

(2012 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Weight: 30

Section A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 1 weight.

- 1. What is meant by optimum capital structure?
- 2. Name various theories of capital structure.
- 3. Write a very short note on cost of retained earnings.
- 4. Which capital budgeting methods take into consideration the concept of time value of money?
- 5. A company has sales of Rs. 5,00,00, variable cost of Rs. 3,00,000, fixed cost of Rs. 1,00,000. Calculate the operating leverage.
- 6. Define financial leverage.
- 7. What is financial planning?
- 8. Explain the following:
 - (a) Trading on Equity.
 - (b) Financial risk and business risk.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$

Section B

Answer any **five** questions.

Each question carries 2 weight.

- 9. Explain the principles governing a sound financial plan.
- 10. The Payback period of a project does not indicate its profitability. Comment.
- 11. Are the retained earnings less expensive than the new issue of ordinary shares? Give your views.
- 12. Explain EBIT -EPS approach for determining capital structure of a company.

- 13. What is meant by capital structure? Explain the factors determining capital structure of a firm.
- 14. Explain as to how the wealth maximisation objective is superior to profit maximisation objective.
- 15. Distinguish between Operating Leverage and Financial Leverage with appropriate illustrations.
- 16. A 7 Year Rs. 100 debenture of a firm can be sold for a net price of Rs. 97.75. The coupon rate of interest is 15% per year and bond will be redeemed at 5% premium on maturity. The firm's tax rate is 35%. Compute the after tax cost of debenture.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

Section C

Answer any **three** questions. Each question carries 5 weight.

- 17. What is the relevance of cost of capital in capital budgeting and capital structure planning decisions?
- 18. Give a critical appraisal of the traditional approach and the Modigliani-Millers approach to the problem of capital structure.
- 19. Discuss in detail the various types of decisions which are to be taken by a Finance Manager in the emerging business scenario.
- 20. Company X and Company Y is in the same risk class and identical in all respects except that Company X uses debt while Company Y does not .Levered Company has Rs. 9 lakhs debentures carrying 10% rate of interest. Both companies earn 20% before interest and taxes on their total assets of Rs. 15 lakhs. Assume perfect capital markets, tax rate of 50% and capitalisation rate of 15% for all equity company.
 - (a) Compute the value of both the companies using Net Income approach.
 - (b) Compute the value of both the companies using Net Operating Income approach.
- 21. Expert Ltd is considering buying one of the following two mutually exclusive investment projects:
 - Project A: Buy a machine that requires an initial investment outlay of Rs.1, 00,000 and will generate the cash flows after tax of Rs. 30,000 per year for 5 years.
 - Project B: Buy a machine that requires an initial investment outlay of Rs. 1,25,000 and will generate cash flows after tax of Rs. 27,000 per year for 8 years.

Which project should be undertaken? The company uses 10% cost of capital to evaluate the projects.

Present value of Re.1 for 8 years @10%--0.9091, 0.8264, 0.7513, 0.6830, 0.6209, 0.5645, 0.5132 and 0.4665.

22. The following details of A Ltd. for the year ended 31-3-2013 are furnished:

Operating Leverage – 3:1.

Financial Leverage - 2:1.

Interest charges per annum - Rs. 20 Lakhs.

Corporate tax rate - 50%.

Variable cost as percentage of sales - 60%.

Prepare the Income Statement of the Company.

 $(3\times 5=15)$