# B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2017

### Third Semester

Complementary Course-Mathematics

VECTOR CALCULUS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

(Common for B.Sc. Physics, Chemistry, Petrochemicals Geology, Computer Maintenance and Electronics and Food Science and Quality Control)

[2013 Admission onwards]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

### Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Define continuity of a vector function r(t).
- 2. Find the length of one turn of the helix  $r(t) = \cos t i + \sin t j + tk$ .
- 3. Define curvature of a curve.
- 4. Find the gradient field of f(x, y, z) = xyz.
- 5. Define an exact differential form.
- 6. Define tangential form of Green's theorem.
- 7. Find an integrating factor of  $(x^2 2x + 2y^2)dx + 2xydy = 0$ .
- 8. Write the general form of Clairant's equation.
- 9. Write the equation of the ellipse where foci :  $(0, \pm 3)$ , eccentricity : 0.5.
- 10. Replace the polar equation by equivalent Cartesian equation  $r \cos \theta = -4$ .

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

#### Part B

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Show that the curvature of a circle of radius a is 1/a.
- 12. Find N for the helix  $r(t) = a \cos t i + a \sin t j + bt k$ ,  $a, b \ge 0$ ,  $a^2 + b^2 \ne 0$ , where N is the principal unit normal.
- 13. Find the derivative of  $f(x, y) = 2xy 3y^2$  at (5, 5) in the direction of A = 4i + 3j.

Turn over

- 14. Evaluate  $\int_{C} (xy + y + z) ds$  along the curve r(t) = 2ti + tj + (2 2t)k,  $0 \le t \le 1$ .
- Find the work done by force  $F = \sqrt{z}i 2xj + \sqrt{y}k$  along the straight line path r(t) = ti + tj + tk,  $0 \le t \le 1$  from (0, 0, 0) to (1, 1, 1).
- 16. State Stoke's theorem.
- 17. Solve  $p^3 4xyp + 8y^2 = 0$ , where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$ .
- Solve  $(2x + e^y)dx + xe^y dy = 0$ .
- 19. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = \cos x$ .
- Sketch the parabola  $x = 2y^2$ .
- 21. Find the polar equation for the circle  $x^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$ .
- 22. Find the directrix of the parabola  $r = \frac{25}{10 + 10\cos\theta}$ .

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

## Part C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

Without finding T and N, write the accelaration of the motion:

$$r(t) = (\cos t + t\sin t)i + (\sin t - t\cos t)j, t > 0$$

in the form  $a = a_T T + a_N N$ .

- 24. Find the directions in which  $f(x, y) = x^2/2 + y^2/2$  increases most rapidly and decreases most rapidly at the point (1, 1).
- Find the circulation and flux of F = xi + yj around and across the circle  $r(t) = \cos t \ i + \sin t j$ ,  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ .
- Integrate g(x, y, z) = y + z over the surface of the wedge in the first octant bounded by the co-ordinate planes and the planes x = 2 and y + z = 1.
- 27. Verify divergence theorem for the field F = xi + yj + zk over the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ .
- Solve the equation  $y = 2px + y^2 p^3$ .
- Solve  $(x^2 3xy + 2y^2)dx + x(3x 2y)dy = 0$ .
- 30. Derive the standard equation of the ellipse.
- 31. Sketch the hyperbola  $8x^2 2y^2 = 16$  include asymptotes and foci.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24)$ 

### Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) Find K and T for the helix  $r(t) = a \cos t i + a \sin t j + bth$ ,  $a, b \ge 0, a^2 + b^2 \ne 0$ .
  - (b) Find the tangent plane and normal line of the surface  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z 9 = 0$  at the point  $p_0(1, 2, 4)$ .
- 33. Use surface integral in Stoke's theorem to calculate the circulation of the field  $F = x^2i + 2xj + z^2k$  around the ellipse  $4x^2 + y^2 = 4$  in the xy plane counter clockwise.
- 34. Find the net outword flux of the field  $F = \frac{xi + yj + 2h}{\rho^3}$ ,  $\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$  across the boundary of the region D;  $0 < a^2 \le x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le b^2$ .
- 35. (a) A wheel of raidus a rolls along a horizontal straight line. Find the parametric equations for the path traced by a point *p* on the wheel's circumference.
  - (b) Sketch the conic  $r = \frac{25}{10 5\cos\theta}$ .

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$