

M.Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, JANUARY 2015**Third Semester**

Faculty of Science

Branch I (A)—Mathematics

MT 03 C12—FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

(2012 Admission Onwards)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

Part A*Answer any five questions.**Each question has weight 1.*

1. If a normed space X has the property that the closed unit ball is compact. Show that X is finite dimensional.
2. Show that if a normed space X is finite dimensional, then every linear operator on X is bounded.
3. Show that a finite dimensional vector space is algebraically reflexive.
4. Show that in an inner product space $x \perp y$ if and only if $\|x + \alpha y\| \geq \|x\|$ for all scalars α .
5. Let Y be any closed subspace of a Hilbert space H . Show that $H = Y \oplus Y^\perp$.
6. Let A and $B \supset A$ be non-empty subsets of an inner product space X .

Show that : (a) $A \subset A^{\perp\perp}$. (b) $B^\perp \subset A^\perp$.

7. Prove that for every x in a normed space X , $\|x\| = \sup_{\substack{f \in X^* \\ \|f\|=1}} |f(x)|$.
8. Show that the canonical mapping C defined by $C(x) = g_x$, where $x \in X$ and $g_x \in X^*$ is an isomorphism of the normed space X onto the normed space $\mathfrak{R}(C)$, the range of C .

(5 × 1 = 5)

Part B*Answer any five questions.**Each question has weight 2.*

9. Show that every finite dimensional subspace Y of a normed space X is complete.
10. State and prove Riesz's lemma.

Turn over

11. Let $T : \mathcal{D}(T) \rightarrow Y$ be a linear operator, where $\mathcal{D}(T) \subset X$ and X and Y are normed spaces. Prove that
- T is continuous if and only if T is bounded.
 - If T is continuous at a single point, it is continuous.
12. If Y is Banach space, show that $B(X, Y)$ is a Banach space.
13. Let X be an inner product space and $M \neq \emptyset$ a convex subset which is complete. Prove that for every $x \in X$ there exists a unique $y \in M$ such that $\delta = \inf_{\bar{y} \in M} \|\bar{y} - x\| = \|y - x\|$.
14. Prove that every Hilbert space H is reflexive.
15. Show that in every Hilbert space $H \neq [0]$ there exists a total orthonormal set.
16. Let X be a normed space and $x_0 \neq 0$ be any element of X . prove that there exists a bounded linear functional \tilde{f} on X such that $\|\tilde{f}\| = 1$, $\tilde{f}(x_0) = \|x_0\|$.

(5 × 2 = 10)

Part C

Answer any **three** questions.

Each question has weight 5.

17. Let X be a normed space, show that there is a Banach space \tilde{X} and an isometry A from X onto a subspace W of \tilde{X} which is dense in \tilde{X} . Also show that \tilde{X} is unique, except for isometries.
18. Show that the dual of l^p is l^q for $1 < p < \infty$ and $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$.
19. (a) Let X be an n -dimensional vector space and $E = \{e_1, e_2, \dots, e_n\}$ a basis for X . Show that $F = \{f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n\}$ given by $f_k(c_j) = \delta_{jk} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } j \neq k \\ 1 & \text{if } j = k \end{cases}$ is a basis for the algebraic dual of X .
- (b) Show that the dual of l^1 is l^∞ .
20. State and prove Bessel inequality.
21. Prove that two Hilbert spaces H and \tilde{H} , both real or both complex, are isomorphic if and only if they have the same Hilbert dimension.
22. State and prove Generalized Hahn-Banach theorem.

(3 × 5 = 15)